

**Drug Information News Letter** JAN-MAR 2024 Volume 9, Issue 3

## **GINA 2024 UNPACKED:** THE FUTURE OF ASTHMA CARE

to population variability.

- in the 2024 guidelines is the endorsement of low-dose ICSformoterol as the preferred as-needed reliever, even for patients with mild asthma (GINA Steps 1 and 2). This in the 2024 guidelines is the endorsement of low-dose ICSstrategy, termed Anti-Inflammatory Reliever (AIR), directly addresses airway inflammation while offering rapid symptom patients with mild asthma (GINA Steps 1 and 2). This relief. It represents a move away from SABA-only approaches, strategy, termed Anti-Inflammatory Reliever (AIR), directly which have been associated with increased risks of severe addresses airway inflammation while offering rapid symptom exacerbations and asthma-related mortality.
- introduces a more flexible approach to asthma diagnosis, exacerbations and asthma-related mortality. acknowledging that in many global regions, spirometry may not be readily available. The diagnostic flowchart now places firms the effectiveness of Maintenance and Reliever Therapy greater emphasis on clinical assessment and the identification of variable expiratory airflow limitation using accessible tools. Steps 3-5). MART involves the use of a single ICS-formoterol Importantly, it prioritizes minimizing misdiagnosis, which can inhaler for both daily maintenance and as-needed symptom

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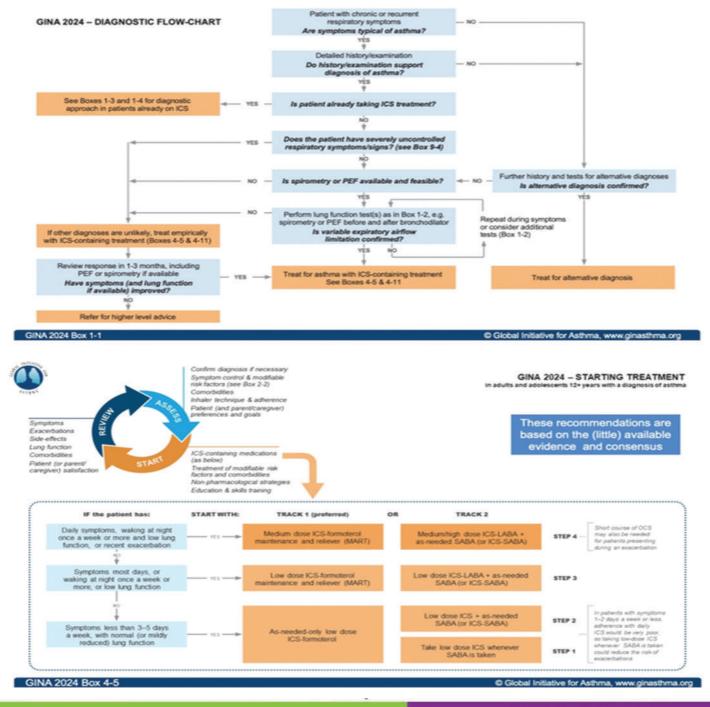
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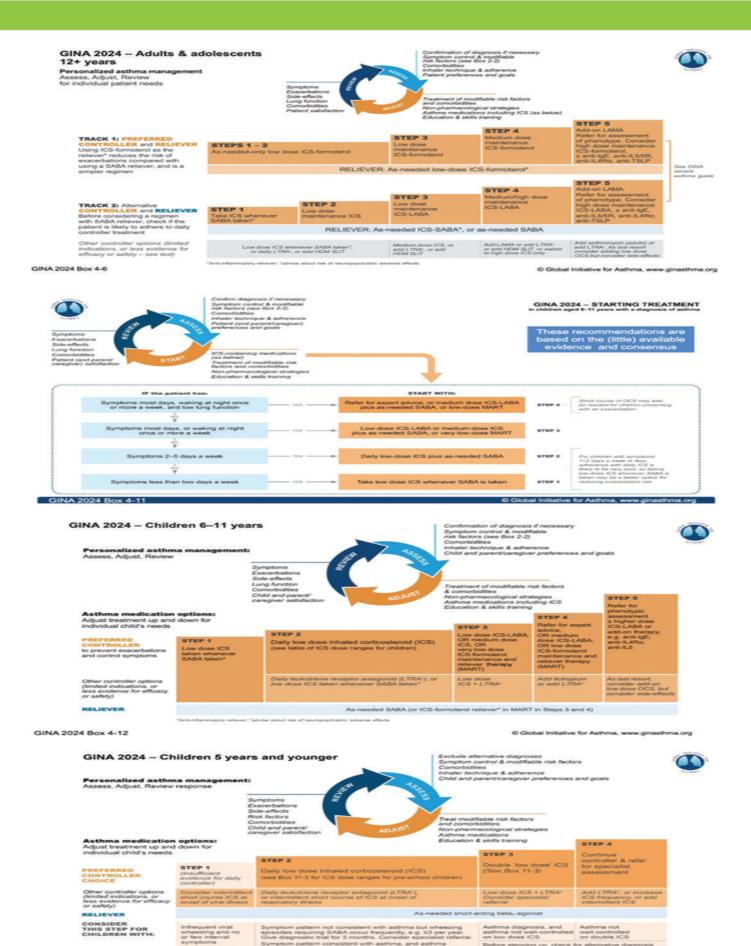
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responsiveness but cautions against universal application due arise from overreliance on peak flow or symptom-based assessments alone. The report also discusses bronchodilator • Anti-Inflammatory Reliever (AIR) Strategy A major shift responsiveness but cautions against universal application due to population variability.

- Anti-Inflammatory Reliever (AIR) Strategy A major shift formoterol as the preferred as-needed reliever, even for relief. It represents a move away from SABA-only approaches, • Revised Diagnosis Criteria and Flowchart GINA 2024 which have been associated with increased risks of severe
  - Maintenance and Reliever Therapy (MART) GINA reaf-(MART), particularly in moderate to severe asthma (GINA relief. This approach has demonstrated superior outcomes in reducing exacerbations and improving patient adherence compared to fixed-dose ICS-LABA regimens plus SABA.
  - Expanded Discussion on Cough Variant Asthma Cough Variant Asthma (CVA) is gaining recognition as a distinct phenotype characterized by chronic cough without classic wheezing or dyspnea. GINA 2024 provides expanded clinical guidance on CVA, emphasizing the diagnostic challenges and the necessity of excluding other conditions. The treatment approach for CVA aligns with that of typical asthma, focusing on ICS use to manage underlying inflammation.

- Comprehensive Assessment of Asthma Control The report clarifies that asthma control assessment should not rely solely on short-term symptom reports. GINA highlights the lack of validated tools for long-term control assessment and encourages a broader approach that includes exacerbation history, lung function trends, risk factors, and potential medication side effects. This comprehensive assessment enables better-informed treatment decisions and risk mitigation.
- Emphasis on Treatment Goals and Patient-Centered Care GINA 2024 places strong emphasis on setting individualized treatment goals, including achieving long-term symptom control, reducing the risk of future exacerbations, and enhancing quality of life. Clinicians are encouraged to actively involve patients and caregivers in treatment planning, taking into account preferences, lifestyle factors, and inhaler technique. This collaborative model is key to improving adherence and outcomes.
- Introduction of Asthma Remission as a Concept For the first time, GINA 2024 introduces the concept of asthma remission, particularly in relation to the growing use of biologics. While full remission remains an aspirational goal, especially in severe asthma, the report discusses emerging evidence suggesting the possibility of clinical and functional remission with targeted therapies. This paves the way for new research and therapeutic strategies aimed at disease modification.





GINA 2024 Box 11-2

## STAFF PUBLICATIONS

1.K. Haritha Pavani, & A. Krishnamanjari Pawar. (2024). Quantification Of Analytical Method For The Estimation Of Selexipag And Its Impurities By Rp-Hplc. Educational Administration: Theory and Practice, 30(1), 3442–3451.

2.Sudarshan, Upadhye & S, Janet & Brahma, Srinivasa & Dhruv, Dev & Pankaj, Pradhan & Syed, Rihana & Karajgi, Santosh. (2024). Polyherbal Formulation Development and Quality Control for Type 2 Diabetic Mellitus Management. International Journal of Zoological Investigations. 10. 50-57. 10.33745/ijzi.2024.v10i02.006.











**National Youth Day** 

Sankranti Sambaraalu









































Inauguration of Ram Mandir at Ayodhya





75th Republic Day Celebrations



International year of Millets

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